

Lesson ideas from gand W

Title: 100 Words Japanese Topic/Unit number: 1 Topic/Unit name: Around the home Materials needed:

- 100 Words Japanese (students should each have their own copy for maximum benefit)
- Large flashcards of 12 words in topic: Japanese characters only.
- Digital cameras (two or more, depending on number of students)
- Computer/screen to display digital images
- (optional) Doll's house + furniture

Step I

- ✓ Use real items of furniture/pictures/doll's house to teach the 12 words on page 9. (You can divide the 12 words into two batches of 6 for easier retention.)
- ✓ Ask students to repeat after you and then produce individually.
- ✓ Hold up large flashcards showing Japanese characters for word as you say it.

Step 2

- ✓ Lay all large flashcards on the desk/floor.
- ✓ Say a Japanese word out loud. Ask students to point at the correct flashcard and say what it is in English.
- Pronounce the words slowly for the students to copy.
- ✓ Get students to stick flashcards on items around the room.

Step 3

- ✔ Ask questions pointing at objects: 何ですか?
- ✓ Get students to answer, e.g. 椅子です。 Teach です orally only at this stage.
- ✓ Point out that the pronunciation in the book will remind them how to pronounce the Japanese characters.

Classroom game

- Teach a few additional objects around your classroom (e.g. desk/board)
- ✓ Divide students into two or more groups and give each group a digital camera.
- ✓ Ask them to take pictures around the classroom (and/or doll's house) of some objects they have learnt from very unusual angles/very close up.
- ✓ In groups, students present their pictures. Other groups ask questions about the photos. Teach (orally only) それは…ですか? for questions; いいえ and はい、そうです for answers, e.g.:

それは椅子ですか?	いいえ。
それはテーブルですか?	いいえ。
それは机ですか?	はい、そうです。

Self-study

(can be completed in the classroom or for homework)

- ✓ Study and practise using the free online flashcards for Topic 1 at www.g-and-w.co.uk.
- ✓ 100 Word Japanese activity book: pages 10–13, complete activities.
- (Optional writing) Print out their digital photos of mystery objects from the classroom activity and write the Japanese characters for the mystery object under each photo.

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Title: 100 Words Japanese Topic/Unit number: 2 Topic/Unit name: Clothes Materials needed:

- 100 Words Japanese (students should each have their own copy for maximum benefit)
- Children's clothes or doll's clothes (at least one for each item in Topic 2)
- Small suitcase or bag
- (optional) Fashion magazines

Step I

- ✓ Spread out the clothes on a table.
- ✓ Announce that Kazumi is going on holiday and that the students are going to help her pack.
- Pick up the clothes one by one, naming them in Japanese and asking students to repeat the words.

Step 2

- ✓ After every three or four items, get the students to recap the Japanese words.
- ✓ Hold up the flashcard for each item showing the Japanese characters.
- ✓ Ask the students one-by-one to point at a flashcard while saying the Japanese. Another student puts that item in the suitcase.

Step 3

- ✓ When all 12 items of clothing are in the suitcase, teach students (orally only): …を下さい/ありがとう
- ✓ 'Unpack' the suitcase. One student asking for an item, and another handing it over:

✓ You could also have a third student finding the correct flashcard for each item as it is handed over.

Classroom game

- ✓ This game works better if some students can put on hats/scarfs/coats/belts/sweaters so that they are not all wearing the same items.
- ✓ Arrange some chairs in a circle one less chair than the number of students.
- ✓ Put all the flashcards from Topic 2 in a bag.
- ✓ One student stands in the middle of the circle and pulls out a flashcard, reading the Japanese side.
- ✓ Those wearing that item of clothing must get up and find another chair, as must the student who was standing in the middle.
- ✓ Whoever is left without a chair, takes the bag and pulls out another card and the game continues.

Self-study (in the classroom/for homework)

- ✓ Study and practise the new vocabulary using the free online flashcards at www.g-and-w.co.uk.
- ✓ 100 Word Japanese Exercise Book: pages 15–18, complete book activities.
- ✓ (Optional writing) Find some photos of clothes from fashion magazines/the internet. Paste them down and label them in Japanese characters.

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Title: 100 Words Japanese Topic/Unit number: 3 Topic/Unit name: Around town Materials needed:

- 100 Words Japanese (students should each have their own copy for maximum benefit)
- Small pictures of means of transport
- Glue/scissors
- *(optional)* Computer(s) connected to www.g-and-w.co.uk.

Step |

- ✓ If you have access to the Internet, try presenting the vocabulary using the 'Review it' mode in the free online flashcards at www.g-and-w.co.uk.
- ✓ Give students five or ten minutes to practice the words using either the other learning modes of the online flashcards if you have multiple computers or a large screen; or they can use the tear-out cards at the back of their books.

Step 2

- ✓ Make a large dice with pictures on the faces of car/taxi/bicycle/bus/train. For the sixth side, you can teach another means of transport of interest to the students (boat/horse/tram?).
- ✓ Let the students take it in turns to roll the dice and say the correct Japanese.
- Continue until you are confident they can produce all the words correctly.

Step 3

✓ Re-cap the other seven words in the topic for places (e.g. house/school, etc.).

Classroom game

- ✓ Teach students that the Japanese equivalent of 'by' is で as in 'by car' 車で. Get students to give other examples.
- ✓ Then teach (orally only) the phrase …行きます as in 車で行きます, or something similar as long as it is short and memorable.
- ✓ Put the seven flashcards from Topic 2 that represent places into a bag.
- ✓ Divide the class into small groups.
- ✓ Each group in turn must pull out a place flashcard and then roll the large transport dice you made earlier. They must then produce the appropriate sentence, e.g.:

バスで行きます。

✓ They can consult and you can give them points for each correct sentence.

Self-study (in the classroom/for homework)

- ✓ 100 Word Japanese activity book: pages 20–23, complete book activities.
- ✓ (Optional writing) Write some sentences of their own following the pattern used in the classroom game above.

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Title: 100 Words Japanese Topic/Unit number: 4 Topic/Unit name: Countryside Materials needed:

- 100 Words Japanese (students should each have their own copy for maximum benefit)
- 2/3 large pictures of country scenes showing as many of the features in Topic 4 as possible
- (optional) Ariel photo of countryside

Step I

- ✓ Start by showing one of the large pictures.
- ✔ Point at features: 山, etc.
- Ask students to repeat and keep checking they remember by pointing at features already taught: 何ですか?

それは木ですか?

Step 2

✓ Continue as Step 1 with other pictures until you have taught all 12 items of vocabulary.

Step 3

- ✓ Ask the students to tear out their flashcards and divide them into those features that exist in their local area and those that don't.
- ✓ Teach them how to say 'there is/there isn't ... near us' or something similar as long as it is short and easy to remember. Then ask them to make sentences with the two piles of cards ('There is a river near us.', 'There isn't a forest near us', etc.).

Classroom game

- ✓ Play Noughts and Crosses (Tic, Tac, Toe).
- ✓ Ask all the students to draw a large grid with 12 squares (3 x 4) and place a flashcard of their choice, Japanese side up, in each of the squares.
- ✓ Read out the words from Topic 4 in random order, pausing after each for students to remove the relevant flashcard and replace with a cross.
- ✓ The first student(s) to achieve four in a row are the winners. You can think of a word or expression in Japanese for them to shout out when they have achieved the row.
- Play as many times as you like. You can vary the order you read out the words, or play a silent version by holding up pictures.

Self-study (in the classroom/for homework)

- ✓ Study and practise the new vocabulary using the free online flashcards at www.g-and-w.co.uk.
- ✓ 100 Word Japanese activity book: pages 25–28, complete book activities.
- ✓ (Optional writing) Hand out an ariel photo showing as many features as possible (e.g. lake/desert/ river/sea/mountain/forest, etc.) and ask the students to label in Japanese the features they can see.

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Lesson ideas from government

Title: 100 Words Japanese Topic/Unit number: 5 Topic/Unit name: Opposites Materials needed:

- 100 Words Japanese (students should each have their own copy for maximum benefit)
- Large flashcards of 12 words in topic: Japanese characters only
- Pictures illustrating 12 adjectives (enlarged version of pictures in the book or other alternatives)
- Some objects/pictures of objects from Topics 1-4 100 Words Japanese
- Blank A3 paper

Step I

- Present each pair of adjectives orally using pictures. (You can use enlarged versions of the pictures in the *100 Words Japanese* book or your own pictures.)
- ✓ After each pair, check orally that students remember them.
- ✓ Show the large flashcard of the adjective and point out the characters as you read the word.

Step 2

- ✓ Put out the objects (or pictures) from Topics 1–4. Try to choose 3–4 items from each topic that would work well with the adjectives (e.g. shirt/car/chair/flower, etc.).
- ✔ Revise these items asking 何ですか?

Step 3

✓ Ask students to make sentences, using one of the objects and one of the adjectives. Give them an example, e.g. 車は大きいです。 Point out the word order and the use of は ('car as for big is').

✓ Then ask a second student to disagree like this:

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車は大きいです。
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いいえ! 車は小さいです。

✓ Students can continue round the class or in pairs.

Classroom game

- ✓ The idea of the game is for students to find unusual ways of helping each other to remember vocabulary.
- ✓ Divide the class into a few groups depending on numbers. It's better if the number of groups is a factor of 12 (i.e. two, three, four or six).
- ✓ Divide the 12 topic words between the groups and give each the equivalent number of A3 sheets.
- ✓ Each group thinks of visual ways of illustrating their words. There are no restrictions on what they can do. Give them a couple of examples, e.g. they could draw a picture of a fast animal in the shape of the Japanese characters, with the pronunciation whizzing along beside it. Or they could write out a caption next to a picture of a couple of children named 'Kit' and 'I' playing in the mud: "*Kit an' I*" got very dirty!
- ✓ The groups present their ideas to the rest of the class. The results are usually humourous and memorable.

Self-study (in the classroom/for homework)

- ✓ Study and practise the new vocabulary using the free online flashcards at www.g-and-w.co.uk.
- ✓ 100 Word Japanese activity book: pages 30–33.
- ✓ (Optional writing) Write out 4 to 6 of the miniconversations in Step 3.

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Lesson ideas from government

Title: 100 Words Japanese Topic/Unit number: 6 Topic/Unit name: Animals Materials needed:

- 100 Words Japanese (students should each have their own copy for maximum benefit)
- Large pictures of the twelve animals.

Step |

- ✓ Start off by showing pictures of animals that could be pets (dog, cat, fish, rabbit, horse, mouse).
- ✓ Ask students in turn 犬を飼っていますか? (or similar) holding out the dog picture and looking questioning. They should guess you mean 'Do you have a dog?'.
- ✓ Students answer はい/いいえ.
- ✓ Do the same with the other pictures of pets until all these words are familiar.

Step 2

- ✓ Then hold up the picture of the lion.
- Ask ライオンを飼っていますか? (or similar).
 Students will probably laugh. Get them to answer emphatically: いいえ!
- ✓ Do the same with the other animals that are obviously not pets.

Step 3

✓ Write the words for animals in Japanese characters slowly strike by stroke on the board and ask the students to try and identify the words as you write. (You could turn this into a competition, seeing who can guess the animal first.)

Step 4

✓ In pairs, students tear out the flashcards from their books (one set for each pair).

- ✓ Each pair spreads the cards, Japanese-side up.
- ✓ They take it in turns to pick up a flashcard and ask and answer あなたの…がありますか?

Classroom game

- ✓ This memory game is similar to "I went to market and bought...".
- ✓ Start off the game with a sentence naming an animal, e.g. 私は犬を飼っています。
- ✓ The next student continues by adding an animal 私は犬と猫を飼っています。 and then the next student adds another animal, and so on.
- ✓ If a student can't remember the order, the chain is broken and you need to start again.
- ✓ See how many animals they can say before the chain is broken for a class record!

Self-study (in the classroom/for homework)

- ✓ Study and practise the new vocabulary using the free online flashcards at www.g-and-w.co.uk.
- ✓ 100 Word Japanese activity book: pages 35–38, complete book activities.
- ✓ (Optional writing) Student write sentences about which animals they have and don't have at home. (Younger students could also draw a picture of their animals.) You can check the pets the students have and teach any additional words if necessary.

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Lesson ideas from government

Title: 100 Words Japanese Topic/Unit number: 7 Topic/Unit name: Parts of the body Materials needed:

- 100 Words Japanese (students should each have their own copy for maximum benefit)
- Large poster showing someone standing full length (i.e. showing all the parts of the body on page 39)
- Blue tack
- Scarf to use as blindfold

Step I

- ✓ Pin up the large poster.
- ✓ Point to the 12 parts of the body, teaching one by one. Ask students to repeat.
- ✓ Hold up the Japanese character flashcard for each part of the body as you teach.
- ✓ Keep checking back to make sure they remember all the parts taught so far.

Step 2

- ✓ Practise by playing "Pin the label on the body".
- ✓ Show students one of the twelve Japanese flashcards. Check they can pronounce it and know the meaning.
- ✓ Put a piece of blue tack on the back of the flashcard and blindfold one of the students with the scarf.
- ✓ Spin him/her around and direct him/her towards the large poster.
- ✓ Ask them to attach the label to the poster where they think that part of the body is. Other students can help by saying 'left/right' or similar in Japanese.
- ✓ You can then remove the scarf so they can see how accurate they were. Ask them to move the label if it is in the wrong position.
- ✓ Continue with another flashcard/student.

Classroom game

- ✓ Play a variation of "Simon says".
- ✓ Students have to point to the correct part of their body when you say 足はどこ?, etc.
- ✓ Practice all the parts of body slowly first, making sure everyone is clear what to do.
- ✓ Then explain that they must only point when you include 'where' (どこ). If you only say 足 they shouldn't move.
- ✓ Starting slowly and then speeding up, fire the questions at the students, leaving off どこ from time to time. If a student still points, he or she is out of the game. The winner is the last one left.

Self-study (in the classroom/for homework)

- ✓ Study and practise the new vocabulary using the free online flashcards at www.g-and-w.co.uk.
- ✓ 100 Word Japanese activity book: pages 40–43, complete book activities.
- ✓ (Optional writing) Paste down a full-length photo/ drawing of someone and label the 12 parts of the body they have been taught.

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Title: 100 Words Japanese Topic/Unit number: 8 Topic/Unit name: Useful Expressions Materials needed:

• 100 Words Japanese (students should each have their own copy for maximum benefit)

• Blue tack

Step I

 It's a good idea to try and incorporate as many as possible of these very basic expressions into your general classroom language from day one.
 Students should at least already know how to say: yes/no, please/thank you, hello/goodbye, where?, here, great!

Step 2

- Recap words and expressions students already know, using flashcards to introduce the characters.
- ✓ Point out anything on the Japanese flashcard, for example if the expression uses familiar characters and what the literal meaning is.
- ✓ Teach any remaining expressions that the students don't know, with the corresponding flashcards.

Step 3

- ✓ Make up some scenarios in English to which the students have to respond in Japanese. E.g.:
 - You've just stepped on my toe.
 - すみません!
- ✓ After you have given two or three scenarios, let a student make one up and another give the correct Japanese response.
- ✓ Ask students to work in pairs. Student A makes up a scenario in English, then Student B gives the appropriate Japanese response. They then swap roles.

Classroom game

- ✓ Play "Bang the board".
- ✓ Pin up all 16 flashcards on the board with the English side showing.
- ✓ Two students stand either side of the board where they can both reach the flashcards.You (or a third student) says one of the phrases in Japanese.
- ✓ The two students compete to see who can 'bang' the corresponding English word with their hand first.
- Continue with the next word.
- ✓ For a more challenging version, turn the flashcards to Japanese side and call out the English words.
- ✓ You can vary the speed and also give points.

Self-study (in the classroom/for homework)

- ✓ Study and practise the new vocabulary using the free online flashcards at www.g-and-w.co.uk.
- ✓ 100 Word Japanese activity book: pages 45–48, complete book activities.
- ✓ (Optional writing) Write up some scenarios of their own (in English) and the Japanese response (as in Step 3).

Review

✓ The 'Round-up' section (pages 49–58) reviews all the 100 words. The activities can be exploited as revision.

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